From: <u>Bucholtz, Paul (DEQ)</u>
To: <u>Saric, James</u>

Subject: FW: Items for conference call

Date: Friday, January 10, 2014 1:11:58 PM

Attachments: 2013 1 08 Area 1 Tables 1-2 SMB fillet.pdf

2014 01 08 Area 1 Fish Projection Methodology for Call on 1-8-14.docx

2014 01 08 A1 SMB Fillet graphs.pdf

FYI

From: Draper, Cynthia E [mailto:Cynthia.Draper@amec.com]

Sent: Wednesday, January 08, 2014 2:55 PM

To: <u>ikern@kernstat.com</u>

Subject: FW: Items for conference call

For our call today at 3:00 central.

From: Sheffield, Nathan

Sent: Wednesday, January 08, 2014 3:49 PM

To: Prytula, Mark T; Curtis, Emmet F; Draper, Cynthia E

Cc: Smith, Laura M

Subject: Items for conference call

Per your request

Nathan Sheffield

Technical Professional I



Environment and Infrastructure 1075 Big Shanty Road NW Suite 100 Kennesaw, GA 30144

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For further information, please contact the EPA Call Center at $(866)\ 411-4$ EPA (4372). The TDD number is $(866)\ 489-4900$.

Table 1. Smallmouth Bass Fillet Equations

S-2 (Includes Urban and Dam)										
	Urban Area					Dams Area				
	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound				
MNR	0%	Urban 2	ABSA-03 UCL	ABSA-05 LCL	ABSA-05	Dams UCL				
Recovery	0%	Urban 2	ABSA-03 UCL	ABSA-05 LCL	ABSA-05	Dams UCL				
Notes: SWAC Area 1 Wide										
S-3 (I	S-3 (Includes Urban Only)									
	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound				
2 Year MNR	0%	Urban 2	ABSA-03 UCL							
2 Year Step Down (BSAF)	0.1	0.444	LogLinear							
Recovery	Urban 2	(power)	ABSA-03 UCL							
Notes: Using SWAC Area 1 (Sections 2, Not calculated										
S-4 (I	S-4 (Includes Urban Only) Upper Bound Mid Lower Bound									
2 Year MNR	0%	Urban 2	ABSA-03 UCL	Upper Bound	Mid 	Lower Bound				
4 Year Step Down (BSAF)	0.1	0.444	LogLinear							
Recovery	Urban 2	(power)	ABSA-03 UCL							
Notes: Using SWAC Area 1 (Sections 2, Not calculated										
	S									
	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound				
2 Year MNR	0%	Urban 2	ABSA-03 UCL	ABSA-05 LCL	ABSA-05	Dams UCL				
10 Year Step Down (BSAF)	0.1	0.444	LogLinear	0.1	0.444	LogLinear				
Recovery	Urban 2	(power)	ABSA-03 UCL	ABSA-05	(power)	Dams UCL				

Notes: SWAC Area 1 Wide

Prepared by/Date: <u>LSV 10/30/13</u> Checked by/Date: <u>EFC 10/30/13</u>

Table 2. Smallmouth Bass Fillet Percentages

S-2 (Includes Urban and Dam)										
		Urban Area		Dams Area						
	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound				
MNR	0%	1.9%	5.1%	0.33%	2.3%	4.1%				
Recovery	0%	1.9%	5.1%	0.33%	2.3%	4.1%				
Notes: SWAC Area 1 Wide										
S-3 (li	ncludes Urban C									
	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound				
2 Year MNR	0%	1.9%	5.1%							
2 Year Step Down (BSAF)	0.1	0.444	LogLinear							
Recovery	1.9%	2.5% (power)	5.1%							
Notes: Using SWAC Area 1 (Sections 2, Not calculated S-4 (I										
	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound				
2 Year MNR	0%	1.9%	5.1%							
4 Year Step Down (BSAF)	0.1	0.444	LogLinear							
Recovery	1.9%	2.5% (power)	5.1%							
Notes: Using SWAC Area 1 (Sections 2, Not calculated										
	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound	Upper Bound	Mid	Lower Bound				
2 Year MNR	0%	1.9%	5.1%	0.33%	2.3%	4.1%				
10 Year Step Down (BSAF)	0.1	0.444	LogLinear	0.1	0.444	LogLinear				
Recovery	1.9%	4% (power)	5.1%	2.3%	4% (power)	4.1%				

Notes:
SWAC Area 1 Wide
Percentages with no (explanation) calculated from the log-linear regression

Prepared by/Date: <u>LSV 10/30/13</u> Checked by/Date: <u>EFC 10/30/13</u>



Remediation and Step Down

Remedial activities and the estimated time frame within which these occur are discussed in Section 4.2 of the Area 1 FS. Step down concentrations were calculated via three methods to match the Mid, Upper Bound, and Lower Bound scenarios. A loglinear regression equation was used to calculate the step down for the Mid scenario, a 10 percent sediment to fish to sediment ratio (fish:sediment) was used to calculate the step down for the Upper Bound scenario, and a biota-sediment accumulation factor (BSAF) was used to calculate the step down for the Lower Bound scenario. No change in concentrations is shown during the majority of the time period in which sediment remedial activities occur. The concentration step down due to sediment remediation is shown during the last year of the remedial activity period.

For the Mid-Lower Bound scenario, fish concentrations post-remedial activities were calculated based on sediment concentrations pre- and post-remediation, fish concentrations prior to remedial activities, and the regression coefficient provided for each species by Kern (Enclosure 1 of MDEQ comments; MDEQ, 2013) as follows:

$$C_{fish(post)} = C_{fish(pre)} * \left(\frac{C_{sediment (post)}}{C_{sediment (pre)}}\right)^{\beta_3}$$

Where β_3 = 0.62 for smallmouth bass fillets, β_3 = 0.61 for smallmouth bass young of year whole body, and β_3 = 0.73 for common carp fillets.

For the Upper Bound scenario, a 10 percent <u>fish</u>:sediment-te fish ratio, based on Bryant Mill Pond data, was used to calculate the change in fish concentrations. This step down is dependent on the change in sediment concentrations from pre- to post-remedial activities. Post-remediation sediment concentrations decreased by two orders of magnitude from pre-remediation sediment concentrations at Bryant Mill Pond (Enclosure 1 of MDEQ comments; MDEQ, 2013). Post-remediation fish concentrations decreased by one order of magnitude from pre-remediation fish concentrations at Bryant Mill Pond (Enclosure 1 of MDEQ comments; MDEQ, 2013). This results in a ratio of 0.10 (fish:sediment) or 10 percent. The change in fish concentrations was calculated as 10 percent of the difference in pre- and post-remedial activity SWACs for sediment. The SWACs specific to Sections 2, 3 and 4 were used for S-3 and S-4 projection calculations in the Urban Area and the area-wide SWACs were used for S-5 projection calculations for the Urban and Dams Areas.

For the Lower BoundMid scenario, a-the BSAFs of 1-calculated by CDM for Kalamazoo River fish was-were used to calculate the change in fish concentrations. The sitewide average BSAF of 0.444 for smallmouth bass provided on Table 6-3 of the Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA; CDM, 2003b) was used to calculate the change in smallmouth bass fillet concentrations to represent potential exposure to humans. The sitewide average BSAF of 0.641 for common carp provided on Table 6-4 of the HHRA (CDM, 2003b) was used to calculate the change in common carp fillet concentrations to represent potential exposure to humans. The average fish BSAF of 1 presented on Table 4-8 of the site-wide BERA (CDM, 2003a) was used for smallmouth bass young of year whole body concentrations to represent potential exposure to ecological receptors. The BSAF step down is dependent on the change in sediment concentrations pre- and post-remedial activities. The change in fish concentrations was calculated as 100 percent (1:1) using the appropriate BSAF multiplied by ef-the difference in pre- and post-remedial activity SWACs for sediment. The SWACs specific to Sections 2, 3, and

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4 were used for S-3 and S-4 projection calculations in the Urban Area and the area-wide SWACs were used for S-5 projection calculations for the Urban and Dams Areas.











